WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. A synchronous detector that detects timing of scanning by an optical scanner, the optical scanner having a light source that emits a light beam, a deflecting unit that deflects the light beam, a scanning optical element that focuses the light beam deflected by the deflecting unit onto a surface to be scanned, comprising:
 - a photoreceiver; and
- a synchronous optical element that focus the light beam deflected by the deflecting unit onto the photoreceiver, wherein the synchronous optical element satisfies a relationship fm<fd, where fm is a composite focal length of the scanning optical element in a main scanning direction, and fd is a composite focal length of the synchronous optical element in the main scanning direction.
- 15 2. The synchronous detector according to claim 1, wherein the synchronous detector comprises a plurality of the synchronous optical elements and a plurality of the photoreceivers, wherein the synchronous optical elements have negative power in the main scanning direction.
- 20 3. The synchronous detector according to claim 2, wherein a plurality of laser beams travel toward the same synchronous detector, and the synchronous optical elements are arranged so as to focus principal rays of the light beams to a single point in a secondary scanning direction.

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- 4. The synchronous detector according to claim 1, wherein the synchronous optical element is a single lens that is designed such that one surface thereof is a cylindrical surface that is concave in the main scanning direction, and the other surface thereof is a rotationally symmetric surface.
- 5. An optical scanner comprising:

- a light source that emits a light beam;
- a deflecting unit that deflects the light beam;
- a scanning optical element that focuses the light beam deflected by the deflecting unit onto a surface to be scanned; and
 - a synchronous detector that detects timing of scanning by an optical scanner, the synchronous detector including
 - a photoreceiver; and
- a synchronous optical element that focus the light beam deflected by the deflecting unit onto the photoreceiver, wherein the synchronous optical element satisfies a relationship fm<fd, where fm is a composite focal length of the scanning optical element in a main scanning direction, and fd is a composite focal length of the synchronous optical element in the main scanning direction.
 - The optical scanner according to claim 5, wherein the light sources are provided in plurality, each of the light sources emits a light beam,
- 25 the deflecting units are provided in plurality, each of the

deflecting units deflects a corresponding one of the light beam, and
the scanning optical elements are provided in plurality, each of
the scanning optical elements focuses the light beam deflected by a
corresponding one of the deflecting unit onto a corresponding one of a
surface to be scanned.

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- 7. The optical scanner according to claim 6, wherein the optical scanner is a multi-beam optical scanner in which a plurality of light beams pass through the respective optical surfaces of scanning the optical element having a form in which identical optical surfaces are formed on top of one another in a plurality of tiers.
- 8. The optical scanner according to claim 5, wherein the synchronous detector comprises a plurality of the synchronous optical elements and a plurality of the photoreceivers, wherein the synchronous optical elements have negative power in the main scanning direction.
- 9. The optical scanner according to claim 8, wherein a plurality of laser beams travel toward the same synchronous detector, and the synchronous optical elements are arranged so as to focus principal rays of the light beams to a single point in a secondary scanning direction.
- 10. The optical scanner according to claim 5, wherein the synchronous optical element is a single lens that is designed such that one surface thereof is a cylindrical surface that is concave in the main

scanning direction, and the other surface thereof is a rotationally symmetric surface.

11. An image forming apparatus comprising a photoreceptor, an optical scanner that optically scans a surface of the photoreceptor, and a synchronous detector that detects timing of scanning of the photoreceptor by the optical scanner, wherein

the optical scanner includes

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- a light source that emits a light beam;
- a deflecting unit that deflects the light beam; and
 a scanning optical element that focuses the light beam
 deflected by the deflecting unit onto a surface to be scanned, and
 the synchronous detector includes
 - a photoreceiver; and
- a synchronous optical element that focus the light beam deflected by the deflecting unit onto the photoreceiver, wherein the synchronous optical element satisfies a relationship fm<fd, where fm is a composite focal length of the scanning optical element in a main scanning direction, and fd is a composite focal length of the synchronous optical element in the main scanning direction.
 - 12. The image forming apparatus according to claim 11, wherein the synchronous detector comprises a plurality of the synchronous optical elements and a plurality of the photoreceivers, wherein the synchronous optical elements have negative power in the main scanning direction.

13. The image forming apparatus according to claim 12, wherein a plurality of laser beams travel toward the same synchronous detector, and the synchronous optical elements are arranged so as to focus principal rays of the light beams to a single point in a secondary scanning direction.

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14. The image forming apparatus according to claim 11, wherein the synchronous optical element is a single lens that is designed such that
10 one surface thereof is a cylindrical surface that is concave in the main scanning direction, and the other surface thereof is a rotationally symmetric surface.